

CMS Manual System	Department of Health & Human Services (DHHS)
Pub 100-04 Medicare Claims Processing	Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)
Transmittal 1558	Date: JULY 18, 2008
	Change Request 6115

Subject: Hospice Discharge for Cause

I. SUMMARY OF CHANGES: Update manual to include new code for hospice discharge for cause.

New / Revised Material

Effective Date: January 1, 2009

Implementation Date: January 5, 2009

Disclaimer for manual changes only: The revision date and transmittal number apply only to red italicized material. Any other material was previously published and remains unchanged. However, if this revision contains a table of contents, you will receive the new/revised information only, and not the entire table of contents.

II. CHANGES IN MANUAL INSTRUCTIONS: (N/A if manual is not updated)

R=REVISED, N=NEW, D=DELETED-Only One Per Row.

R/N/D	Chapter / Section / Subsection / Title
R	11/20.1.2 Completing the Uniform (Institutional Provider) Bill (Form CMS-1450) for Hospice Election
R	11/30.3 Data Required on Claim to FI

III. FUNDING:

SECTION A: For Fiscal Intermediaries and Carriers:

No additional funding will be provided by CMS; Contractor activities are to be carried out within their operating budgets.

SECTION B: For Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs):

The Medicare Administrative Contractor is hereby advised that this constitutes technical direction as defined in your contract. CMS does not construe this as a change to the MAC Statement of Work. The contractor is not obligated to incur costs in excess of the amounts allotted in your contract unless and until specifically authorized by the Contracting Officer. If the contractor considers anything provided, as described above, to be outside the current scope of work, the contractor shall withhold performance on the part(s) in question and immediately notify the Contracting Officer, in writing or by e-mail, and request formal directions regarding continued performance requirements.

IV. ATTACHMENTS:

**Business Requirements
Manual Instruction**

**Unless otherwise specified, the effective date is the date of service.*

Attachment - Business Requirements

Pub. 100-04	Transmittal: 1558	Date: July 18, 2008	Change Request: 6115
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SUBJECT: Hospice Discharge for Cause

Effective Date: January 1, 2009

Implementation Date: January 5, 2009

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

A. Background: Section 418.26 of the Code of Federal Regulations provides discharge instructions for hospices including extraordinary circumstances in which a hospice may be required to discharge a patient from its services. Discharge for cause would include issues where patient safety or hospice staff safety is compromised. Currently, discharge for cause is not identified on the Medicare claim. In order to identify these discharges, CMS requested the National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) approve a new code. On May 21, 2008 the NUBC approved condition code H2 to be effective January 1, 2009.

B. Policy: For claims with dates of service on or after January 1, 2009, hospices shall report the condition code H2 on claims when Medicare beneficiaries are discharged for cause according to the hospice's documented policy addressing discharges for cause. Discharge for cause identifies a discharge from the provider's care, not from the Medicare hospice benefit.

The Medicare hospice policy on discharging for cause is available in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 9, Section 20.2.1.

II. BUSINESS REQUIREMENTS TABLE

“Shall” denotes a mandatory requirement

Number	Requirement	Responsibility (place an “X” in each applicable column)									
		A / B M A C	D M E M A C	F I	C A R R I E R	R H H I	Shared-System Maintainers				OTHER
						F I S S	M C S	V M S	C W F		
6115.1	Medicare systems shall accept the new condition code H2.						X			X	

III. PROVIDER EDUCATION TABLE

Number	Requirement	Responsibility (place an "X" in each applicable column)									
		A / B M A C	D M E M A C	F I	C A R R I E R	R H H I	Shared-System Maintainers				OTHER
							F I S S	M C S	V M S	C W F	
6115.2	<p>A provider education article related to this instruction will be available at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MLNMattersArticles/ shortly after the CR is released. You will receive notification of the article release via the established "MLN Matters" listserv.</p> <p>Contractors shall post this article, or a direct link to this article, on their Web site and include information about it in a listserv message within one week of the availability of the provider education article. In addition, the provider education article shall be included in your next regularly scheduled bulletin. Contractors are free to supplement MLN Matters articles with localized information that would benefit their provider community in billing and administering the Medicare program correctly.</p>	X				X					

IV. SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Section A: For any recommendations and supporting information associated with listed requirements, use the box below: N/A

"Should" denotes a recommendation.

X-Ref Requirement Number	Recommendations or other supporting information:

Section B: All other recommendations and supporting information, use this space: N/A

V. CONTACTS

Pre-Implementation Contact(s): Wendy.Tucker@cms.hhs.gov, 410-786-3004 for claims processing issues; Katie Lucas, 410-786-7723, katherine.lucas@cms.hhs.gov or Randy Thronset, 410-786-0131 for policy issues

Post-Implementation Contact(s): Appropriate Regional Office

VI. FUNDING

Section A: For Regional Home Health Carriers (RHHIs):

No additional funding will be provided by CMS; contractor activities are to be carried out within their operating budgets.

Section B: *For Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs):*

The Medicare Administrative Contractor is hereby advised that this constitutes technical direction as defined in your contract. CMS does not construe this as a change to the MAC Statement of Work. The contractor is not obligated to incur costs in excess of the amounts allotted in your contract unless and until specifically authorized by the Contracting Officer. If the contractor considers anything provided, as described above, to be outside the current scope of work, the contractor shall withhold performance on the part(s) in question and immediately notify the Contracting Officer, in writing or by e-mail, and request formal directions regarding continued performance requirements.

20.1.2 - Completing the Uniform (Institutional Provider) Bill (Form CMS-1450) for Hospice Election

(Rev. 1558; Issued: 07-18-08; Effective Date: 01-01-09; Implementation Date: 01-05-09)

The following *data elements* must be completed by the hospice on the Form CMS-1450 for the Notice of Election.

NOTE: Information regarding the form locator numbers that correspond to these data element names can be found in chapter 25.

Provider Name, Address, and Telephone Number

The minimum entry for this item is the provider's name, city, State, and ZIP code. The post office box number or street name and number may be included. The State may be abbreviated using standard post office abbreviations. Five or 9-digit ZIP codes are acceptable. Use the information to reconcile provider number discrepancies. Phone and/or FAX numbers are desirable.

Type of Bill

Enter the 3-digit numeric type of bill code: 81A, B, C, D, E or 82A, B, C, D, as appropriate. The first digit identifies the type of facility. The second classifies the type of care. The third indicates the sequence of this bill in this particular episode of care. It is referred to as a "frequency" code.

Code Structure

1st Digit - Type of Facility

8 - Special (Hospice)

2nd Digit - Classification (Special Facility)

1 - Hospice (Nonhospital-Based)
2 - Hospice (Hospital-Based)

3rd Digit - Frequency

A - Hospice benefit period initial election notice
B - Termination/revocation notice for previously posted hospice election
C - Change of provider
D - Void/cancel hospice election
E - Hospice Change of Ownership

Patient's Name

The patient's name is shown with the surname first, first name, and middle initial, if any.

Patient's Address

The patient's full mailing address including street name and number, post office box number or RFD, city, State, and ZIP code.

Patient's Birth Date

(If available.) Show the month, day, and year of birth numerically as MM-DD-YYYY. If the date of birth cannot be obtained after a reasonable effort, the field will be zero-filled.

Patient's Sex

Show an "M" for male or an "F" for female. This item is used in conjunction with diagnoses and surgical procedures to identify inconsistencies.

Admission Date

Enter the admission date, which must be the same date as the effective date of the hospice election or change of election. The date of admission may not precede the physician's certification by more than 2 calendar days, and is the same as the certification date if the certification is not completed on time.

EXAMPLE

The hospice election date (admission) is January 1, 1993. The physician's certification is dated January 3, 1993. The hospice date for coverage and billing is January 1, 1993. The first hospice benefit period ends 90 days from January 1, 1993.

Show the month, day, and year numerically as MM-DD-YY.

Provider Number

This is the 6-digit number assigned by Medicare (for CMS use only, effective May 23, 2007, providers are required to submit only their NPI).

Insured's Name

Enter the beneficiary's name on line A if Medicare is the primary payer. Show the name exactly as it appears on the beneficiary's HI card. If Medicare is the secondary payer, enter the beneficiary's name on line B or C, as applicable, and enter the insured's name on the applicable primary policy on line A.

Certificate/Social Security Number and Health Insurance Claim/Identification Number

On the same lettered line (A, B, or C) that corresponds to the line on which Medicare payer information is shown enter the patient's HICN. For example, if Medicare is the primary payer, enter this information. Show the number as it appears on the patient's HI Card, Social Security Award Certificate, Utilization Notice, EOMB, Temporary Eligibility Notice, etc., or as reported by the SSO.

Principal Diagnosis Code

The full ICD-9-CM diagnosis code is required. The principal diagnosis is defined as the condition established after study to be chiefly responsible for the patient's admission. The CMS accepts only ICD-9-CM diagnostic and procedural codes using definitions contained in DHHS Publication No. (PHS) 89-1260 or CMS approved errata and supplements to this publication. The CMS approves only changes issued by the Federal ICD-9-CM Coordination and Maintenance Committee. Use full ICD-9-CM diagnoses codes including all five digits where applicable.

Attending Physician I.D.

The hospice enters the National Provider Identifier (NPI) and name of the physician currently responsible for certifying the terminal illness, and signing the individual's plan of care for medical care and treatment.

Other Physician I.D.

If the attending physician is a nurse practitioner, enter the *NPI* and name of the nurse practitioner.

The word "employee" or "nonemployee" must be entered here to describe the relationship the patient's attending physician has with the hospice. "Employee" also refers to a volunteer under the hospice jurisdiction.

Provider Representative Signature and Date

A hospice representative must make sure the required physician's certification, and a signed hospice election statement are in the records before signing the Form CMS-1450. A stamped signature is acceptable.

30.3 - Data Required on Claim to FI

(Rev. 1558; Issued: 07-18-08; Effective Date: 01-01-09; Implementation Date: 01-05-09)

See Pub. 100-02, Chapter 9, §§10 & 20.2 for coverage requirements for Hospice benefits. This section addresses only the submittal of claims. See section 20, of this chapter for information on Notice of Election (NOE) transaction types (81A,C,E and 82A,C,E).

Before billing, the hospice must submit an admission notice to the FI (see section 20). The Social Security Act at §1862 (a)(22) requires that all claims for Medicare payment must be submitted in an electronic form specified by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, unless an exception described at §1862 (h) applies. The electronic form required for billing hospice services is the ANSI X12N 837 Institutional claim transaction. Since the data structure of the 837 transaction is difficult to express in narrative form and to provide assistance to small providers excepted from the electronic claim requirement, the instructions below are given relative to the data element names on the UB-04 (Form CMS-1450) hardcopy form. Each data element name is shown in bold type. Information regarding the form locator numbers that correspond to these data element names and a table to crosswalk UB-04 form locators to the 837 transaction is found in Chapter 25.

Because claim formats serve the needs of many payers, some data elements may not be needed by a particular payer. Detailed information is given only for items required for Medicare hospice claims. Items not listed need not be completed although hospices may complete them when billing multiple payers.

Provider Name, Address, and Telephone Number

The hospice enters this information for their agency.

Type of Bill

This three-digit alphanumeric code gives three specific pieces of information. The first digit identifies the type of facility. The second classifies the type of care. The third indicates the sequence of this bill in this particular benefit period. It is referred to as a “frequency” code.

Code Structure

1st Digit - Type of Facility
8 - Special facility (Hospice)
2nd Digit - Classification (Special Facility Only)
1 - Hospice (Nonhospital based)
2 - Hospice (Hospital based)

3rd Digit Frequency	Definition
0 - Nonpayment/Zero Claims	Used when no payment from Medicare is anticipated.
1 - Admit Through Discharge Claim	This code is used for a bill encompassing an entire course of hospice treatment for which the provider expects payment from the payer, i.e., no further bills will be submitted for this patient.
2 - Interim – First Claim	This code is used for the first of an expected series of payment bills for a hospice course of treatment.
3 - Interim - Continuing Claim	This code is used when a payment bill for a hospice course of treatment has already been submitted and further bills are expected to be submitted.
4 - Interim - Last Claim	This code is used for a payment bill that is the last of a series for a hospice course of treatment. The “Through” date of this bill (FL 6) is the discharge date, transfer date, or date of death.
5 - Late Charges	<p>Use this code for late charges that need to be billed. Late charges can be submitted only for revenue codes not on the original bill.</p> <p>For additional information on late charge bills see Chapter 3.</p>
7 - Replacement of Prior Claim	<p>This code is used by the provider when it wants to correct (other than late charges) a previously submitted bill. This is the code used on the corrected or “new” bill.</p> <p>For additional information on replacement bills see Chapter 3.</p>
8 - Void/Cancel of a Prior Claim	<p>This code is used to cancel a previously processed claim.</p> <p>For additional information on void/cancel bills see Chapter 3.</p>

Statement Covers Period (From-Through)

The hospice shows the beginning and ending dates of the period covered by this bill in numeric fields (MM-DD-YY). The hospice does not show days before the patient's entitlement began. Since the 12-month hospice "cap period" (see §80.2) ends each year on October 31, hospices must submit separate bills for October and November.

Patient Name/Identifier

The hospice enters the beneficiary's name exactly as it appears on the Medicare card.

Patient Address

Patient Birth date

Patient Sex

The hospice enters the appropriate address, date of birth and gender information describing the beneficiary.

Admission/Start of Care Date

The hospice enters the admission date, which must be the same date as the effective date of the hospice election or change of election. The date of admission may not precede the physician's certification by more than 2 calendar days.

The admission date stays the same on all continuing claims for the same **hospice election**.

The hospice enters the month, day, and year numerically as MM-DD-YY.

Patient Discharge Status

This code indicates the patient's status as of the "Through" date (FL 6) of the billing period. The hospice enters the most appropriate NUBC approved code.

The codes most commonly used on hospice claims include:

- 01 Discharged to home or self care
- 30 Still patient
- 40 Expired at home
- 41 Expired in a medical facility, such as a hospital, SNF, ICF or freestanding hospice
- 42 Expired - place unknown
- 50 Discharged/Transferred to Hospice - home
- 51 Discharged/Transferred to Hospice - medical facility

Condition Codes

The hospice enters any appropriate NUBC approved code(s) identifying conditions related to this bill that may affect processing.

Codes listed below are only those most frequently applicable to hospice claims. For a complete list of codes, see Chapter 25.

07	Treatment of Non-terminal Condition for Hospice	Code indicates the patient has elected hospice care but the provider is not treating the terminal condition, and is, therefore, requesting regular Medicare payment.
20	Beneficiary Requested Billing	Code indicates the provider realizes the services on this bill are at a noncovered level of care or otherwise excluded from coverage, but the beneficiary has requested a formal determination.
21	Billing for Denial Notice	Code indicates the provider realizes services are at a noncovered level of care or excluded, but requests a denial notice from Medicare in order to bill Medicaid or other insurers.
<i>H2</i>	<i>Discharge by a Hospice Provider for Cause</i>	<i>Discharge by a Hospice Provider for Cause.</i> <i>Note: Used by the provider to indicate the patient meets the hospice's documented policy addressing discharges for cause. Results only in a discharge from the provider's care, not from the hospice benefit.</i>

Occurrence Codes and Dates

The hospice enters any appropriate NUBC approved code(s) and associated date(s) defining specific event(s) relating to this billing period. Event codes are two numeric digits, and dates are six numeric digits (MM-DD-YY). If there are more occurrences than there are spaces on the form, use FL 36 (occurrence span) to record additional occurrences and dates.

Codes listed below are only those most frequently applicable to hospice claims. For a complete list of codes, see Chapter 25.

Code	Title	Definition
23	Cancellation of Hospice Election Period (FI USE)	Code indicates date on which a hospice period of election is cancelled by an FI as opposed to

Code	Title	Definition
	ONLY)	revocation by the beneficiary.
24	Date Insurance Denied	Code indicates the date of receipt of a denial of coverage by a higher priority payer.
27	Date of Hospice Certification or Re-Certification	Code indicates the date of certification or re-certification of the hospice benefit period, beginning with the first 2 initial benefit periods of 90 days each and the subsequent 60-day benefit periods. Note regarding transfers from one hospice to another hospice: If a patient is in the first certification period when they transfer to another hospice, the receiving hospice would use the same certification date as the previous hospice until the next certification period. However, if they were in the next certification at the time of transfer, then they would enter that date in the Occurrence Code 27 and date.
42	Date of Termination of Hospice Benefit	Enter code to indicate the date on which beneficiary terminated his/her election to receive hospice benefits. This code can be used only when the beneficiary has revoked the benefit, has been decertified or discharged. It cannot be used in transfer situations.

Occurrence Span Code and Dates

The hospice enters any appropriate NUBC approved code(s) and associated beginning and ending date(s) defining a specific event relating to this billing period are shown. Event codes are two alphanumeric digits and dates are shown numerically as MM-DD-YY.

Codes listed below are only those most frequently applicable to hospice claims. For a complete list of codes, see Chapter 25.

Code	Title	Definition
M2	Dates of Inpatient Respite Care	Code indicates From/Through dates of a period of inpatient respite care for hospice patients to differentiate separate respite periods of less than 5 days each. M2 is used when respite care is provided

Code	Title	Definition
		more than once during a benefit period.
77	Provider Liability – Utilization Charged	Code indicates From/Through dates for a period of non-covered hospice care for which the provider accepts payment liability (other than for medical necessity or custodial care).

Hospices must use occurrence span code 77 to identify days of care that are not covered by Medicare due to untimely physician recertification. This is particularly important when the non-covered days fall at the beginning of a billing period.

Value Codes and Amounts

The hospice enters any appropriate NUBC approved code(s) and the associated value amounts identifying numeric information related to this bill that may affect processing.

The most commonly used value codes on hospice claims are value codes 61 and G8, which are used to report the location of the site of hospice services. Otherwise, value codes are commonly used only to indicate Medicare is secondary to another payer. For detailed information on reporting Medicare secondary payer information, see the Medicare Secondary Payer Manual.

Code	Title	Definition
61	Place of Residence where Service is Furnished (Routine Home Care and Continuous Home Care)	MSA or Core-Based Statistical Area (CBSA) number (or rural State code) of the location where the hospice service is delivered. A residence can be an inpatient facility if an individual uses that facility as a place of residence. It is the level of care that is required and not the location where hospice services are provided that determines payment. In other words, if an individual resides in a freestanding hospice facility and requires routine home care, then claims are submitted for routine home care. Hospices must report value code 61 when billing revenue codes 0651 and 0652.
G8	Facility where Inpatient Hospice Service is Delivered (General Inpatient and Inpatient Respite Care).	MSA or Core Based Statistical Area (CBSA) number (or rural State code) of the facility where inpatient hospice services are delivered. Hospices must report value code G8 when billing revenue codes 0655 and 0656.

If hospice services are provided to the beneficiary in more than one CBSA area during the billing period, the hospice reports the CBSA that applies at the end of the billing period. This applies for either routine home care and continuous home care (e.g., the beneficiary's residence changes between locations in different CBSAs) or for general inpatient and inpatient respite care (e.g., the beneficiary is served in inpatient facilities in different CBSAs).

Revenue Codes

The hospice assigns a revenue code for each type of service provided and enter the appropriate four-digit numeric revenue code to explain each charge.

For claims with dates of service before July 1, 2008, hospices only reported the revenue codes in the table below. Effective on claims with dates of service on or after January 1, 2008, additional revenue codes will be reported describing the visits provided under each level of care. However, Medicare payment will continue to be reflected only on claim lines with the revenue codes in this table.

Code	Description	Standard Abbreviation
0651*	Routine Home Care	RTN Home
0652*	Continuous Home Care	CTNS Home A minimum of 8 hours of primarily nursing care within a 24-hour period. The 8-hours of care does not need to be continuous within the 24-hour period, but a need for an aggregate of 8 hours of primarily nursing care is required. Nursing care must be provided by a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse. If skilled intervention is required for less than 8 aggregate hours (or less than 32 units) within a 24 hour period, then the care rendered would be covered as a routine home care day. Services provided by a nurse practitioner as the attending physician are not included in the CHC computation nor is care that is not directly related to the crisis included in the computation. CHC billing should reflect direct patient care during a period of crisis and should not reflect time related to staff working hours, time taken for meal breaks, time used for educating staff, time used to report etc.
0655***	Inpatient Respite Care	IP Respite

Code	Description	Standard Abbreviation
0656***	General Inpatient Care	GNL IP
0657**	Physician Services	PHY SER (must be accompanied by a physician procedure code)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • * Reporting of value code 61 is required with these revenue codes. • **Reporting of modifier GV is required with this revenue code when billing physician services performed by a nurse practitioner. • ***Reporting of value code G8 is required with these revenue codes. 		

NOTE: Hospices use revenue code 0657 to identify hospice charges for services furnished to patients by physician or nurse practitioner employees, or physicians or nurse practitioners receiving compensation from the hospice. Physician services performed by a nurse practitioner require the addition of the modifier GV in conjunction with revenue code 0657. Procedure codes are required in order for the FI to determine the reimbursement rate for the physician services. Appropriate procedure codes are available from the FI.

Effective on claims with dates of service on or after July 1, 2008, hospices must report the number of visits that were provided to the beneficiary in the course of delivering the hospice levels of care billed with the codes above. Charges for these codes will be reported on the appropriate level of care line. Total number of patient care visits is to be reported by the discipline (registered nurse, nurse practitioner, licensed nurse, home health aide (also known as a hospice aide), social worker, physician or nurse practitioner serving as the beneficiary's attending physician) for each week at each location of service. If visits are provided in multiple sites, a separate line for each site and for each discipline will be required. The total number of visits does not imply the total number of activities or interventions provided. If patient care visits in a particular discipline are not provided under a given level of care or service location, do not report a line for the corresponding revenue code.

To constitute a visit, the discipline, (as defined above) must have provided care to the beneficiary. Services provided by a social worker to the beneficiary's family also constitute a visit. For example, phone calls, documentation in the medical/clinical record, interdisciplinary group meetings, obtaining physician orders, rounds in a facility or any other activity that is not related to the provision of items or services to a beneficiary, do not count towards a visit to be placed on the claim. In addition, the visit must be reasonable and necessary for the palliation and management of the terminal illness and related conditions as described in the patient's plan of care.

Example 1: Week 1: A visit by the RN was made to the beneficiary's home on Monday and Wednesday where the nurse assessed the patient, verified effect of pain medications, provided patient teaching, obtained vital signs and documented in the medical record. A

home health aide assisted the patient with a bath on Tuesday and Thursday. There were no social work or physician visits. Thus for that week there were 2 visits provided by the nurse and 2 by the home health aide. Since there were no visits by the social worker or by the physician, there would not be any line items for each of those disciplines.

Example 2: If a hospice patient is receiving routine home care while residing in a nursing home, the hospice would record visits for all of its physicians, nurses, social workers, and home health aides who visit the patient to provide care for the palliation and management of the terminal illness and related conditions, as described in the patient's plan of care. In this example the nursing home is acting as the patient's home. Only the patient care provided by the hospice staff constitutes a visit.

Hospices must enter the following revenue codes, when applicable:

055X Skilled Nursing	Required detail: The earliest date of service this discipline was provided during the delivery of each level of care in each service location, service units which represent the number of visits provided in that location, and a charge amount.
056X Medical Social Services	Required detail: The earliest date of service this discipline was provided during the delivery of each level of care in each service location, service units which represent the number of visits provided in that location, and a charge amount.
057X Home Health Aide	Required detail: The earliest date of service this discipline was provided during the delivery of each level of care in each service location, service units which represent the number of visits provided in that location, and a charge amount.

Hospices should follow NUBC coding guidelines for the use of the appropriate fourth position (the "X") when reporting these revenue codes.

Visits by registered nurses, licensed vocational nurses and nurse practitioners (unless the nurse practitioner is acting as the beneficiary's attending physician) are reported under revenue code 055X.

All visits to provide care related to the palliation and management of the terminal illness or related conditions, whether provided by hospice employees or provided under arrangement, must be reported. The one exception is related to General Inpatient Care. CMS is not requiring hospices to report visit data at this time for visits made by non-hospice staff providing General Inpatient Care in contract facilities. However, General Inpatient Care visits related to the palliation and management of the terminal illness or related conditions provided by hospice staff in contract facilities must be reported, and all General Inpatient Care visits related to the palliation and management of the terminal illness or related conditions provided in hospice-owned facilities must be reported.

HCPCS/Accommodation Rates/HIPPS Rate Codes

For services provided on or before December 31, 2006, HCPCS codes are required only to report procedures on service lines for attending physician services (revenue 657). Level of care revenue codes (651, 652, 655 or 656) do not require HCPCS coding.

For services provided on or after January 1, 2007, hospices must also report a HCPCS code along with each level of care revenue code (651, 652, 655 and 656) to identify the type of service location where that level of care was provided.

The following HCPCS codes will be used to report the type of service location for hospice services:

HCPCS Code	Definition
Q5001	HOSPICE CARE PROVIDED IN PATIENT'S HOME/RESIDENCE
Q5002	HOSPICE CARE PROVIDED IN ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY
Q5003	HOSPICE CARE PROVIDED IN NURSING LONG TERM CARE FACILITY (LTC) OR NON-SKILLED NURSING FACILITY (NF)
Q5004	HOSPICE CARE PROVIDED IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITY (SNF)
Q5005	HOSPICE CARE PROVIDED IN INPATIENT HOSPITAL
Q5006	HOSPICE CARE PROVIDED IN INPATIENT HOSPICE FACILITY
Q5007	HOSPICE CARE PROVIDED IN LONG TERM CARE HOSPITAL (LTCH)
Q5008	HOSPICE CARE PROVIDED IN INPATIENT PSYCHIATRIC FACILITY
Q5009	HOSPICE CARE PROVIDED IN PLACE NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED (NOS)

If care is rendered at multiple locations, each location is to be identified on the claim with a corresponding HCPCS code. For example, routine home care may be provided for a portion of the billing period in the patient's residence and another portion in an assisted living facility. In this case, report one revenue code 651 line with HCPCS code Q5001 and the number of days of routine home care provided in the residence and another revenue code 651 line with HCPCS code Q5002 and the number of days of routine home care provided in the assisted living facility.

Q5003 is to be used for skilled nursing facility residents in a non Medicare covered stay and nursing facility residents.

Q5004 is to be used for skilled nursing facility residents in a Medicare covered stay.

These service location HCPCS codes are not required on revenue code lines describing the visits provided under each level of care (e.g. 055X, 056X, 057X).

Service Date

The HIPAA standard 837 Institutional claim format requires line item dates of service for all outpatient claims. Medicare classifies hospice claims as outpatient claims (see Chapter 1, §60.4). For services provided on or before December 31, 2006, CMS allows hospices to satisfy the line item date of service requirement by placing any valid date within the FL 6 Statement Covers Period dates on line items on hospice claims.

For services provided on or after January 1, 2007, service date reporting requirements will vary between continuous home care lines (revenue code 652) and other revenue code lines.

Revenue code 652 – report a separately dated line item for each day that continuous home care is provided, reporting the number of hours, or parts of hours rounded to 15-minute increments, of continuous home care that was provided on that date.

Other payment revenue codes – report a separate line for each level of care provided at each service location type, as described in the instructions for HCPCS coding reported above. Hospices report the earliest date that each level of care was provided at each service location. Attending physician services should be individually dated, reporting the date that each HCPCS code billed was delivered.

Non-payment service revenue codes – report dates as described in the table above under Revenue Codes.

Service Units

The hospice enters the number of units for each type of service. Units are measured in days for revenue codes 651, 655, and 656, in hours for revenue code 652, and in procedures for revenue code 657. For services provided on or after January 1, 2007, hours for revenue code 652 are reported in 15-minute increments. For services provided on or after January 1, 2008, units for visit discipline revenue codes are measured by the number of visits.

Total Charges

The hospice enters the total charge for the service described on each revenue code line. This information is being collected for purposes of research and will not affect the amount of reimbursement.

Payer Name

The hospice identifies the appropriate payer(s) for the claim.

National Provider Identifier – Billing Provider

The hospice enters its own National Provider Identifier (NPI).

Principal Diagnosis Code

The hospice enters diagnosis coding as required by ICD-9-CM Coding Guidelines. Hospices may not report V-codes as the primary diagnosis on hospice claims. The principal diagnosis code describes the terminal illness of the hospice patient and V-codes do not describe terminal conditions.

Other Diagnosis Codes

The hospice enters diagnosis coding as required by ICD-9-CM Coding Guidelines.

Attending Provider Name and Identifiers

The hospice enters the National Provider Identifier (NPI) and name of the physician currently responsible for certifying the terminal illness, and signing the individual's plan of care for medical care and treatment.

Other Provider Name and Identifiers

If the attending physician is a nurse practitioner, the hospice enters the NPI and name of the nurse practitioner.