

FACT SHEET

PART D LATE ENROLLMENT PENALTY (LEP) RECONSIDERATION APPEALS DATA – Q1 2021

A Late Enrollment Penalty (LEP) appeal is the process by which an individual enrolled in a Medicare prescription drug plan (enrollee) may challenge a plan's determination that an LEP should be assessed. Appeals begin with a request by an enrollee (or their representative) for a reconsideration of the plan's decision to assess an LEP. If upon reconsideration, the plan upholds its decision, the enrollee may request a reconsideration by the Part D Independent Review Entity (also called the Part D Qualified Independent Contractor or Part D QIC). Under Medicare regulations, the Part D QIC decision is final and not subject to further appeal.

Part D LEP Appeals Process

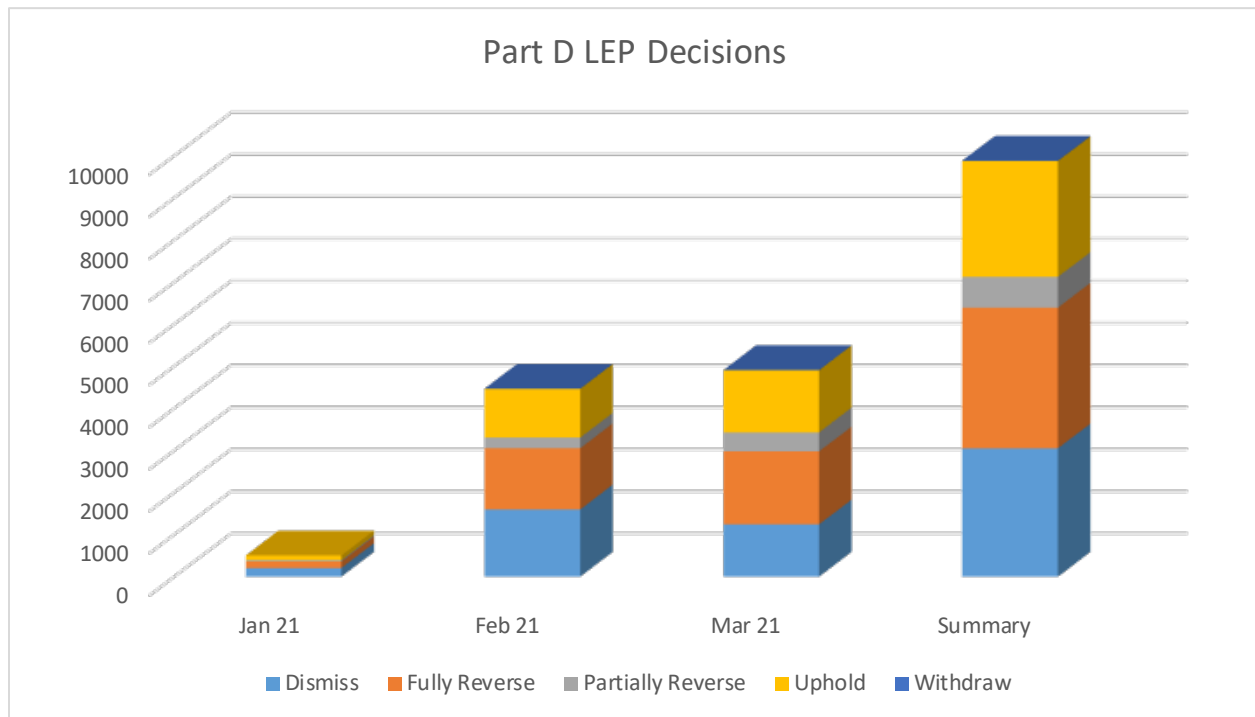
The following data summarizes and highlights some of the key data on reconsiderations during the 16th year of the Medicare prescription drug benefit program, Jan. 1, 2021 – March 31, 2021.

Reconsideration Volume

The Part D QIC closed 9,885 reconsiderations during the first quarter of calendar year 2021. This represents a rate of 0.19 reconsiderations for each 1,000 Medicare beneficiaries enrolled.¹

¹ Volume, divided by mid-year enrollment (times 1,000), is used to calculate the annual rate of appeals per 1,000 enrollees.

Number of Appeals Closed² by Part D LEP by Month³³



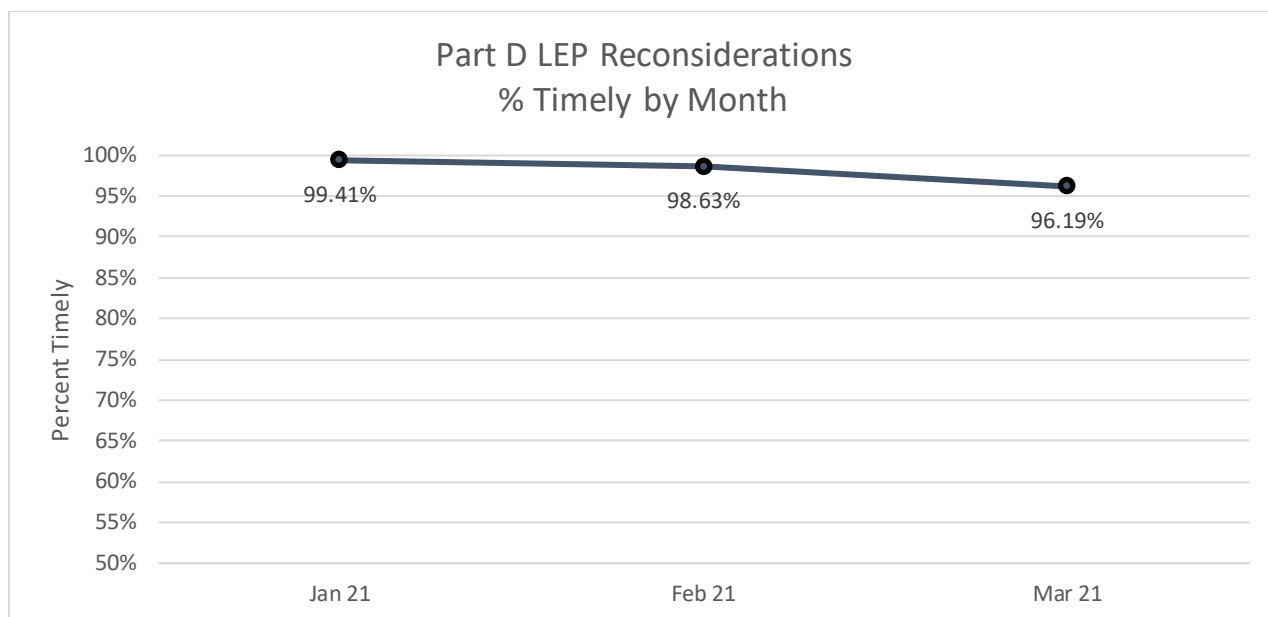
Part D LEP Appeal Volume by Decision

Month	Dismiss	Fully Reverse	Partially Reverse	Uphold	Withdraw	Total
Jan 21	207	154	31	114		506
Feb 21	1,598	1,455	251	1,161	3	4,468
Mar 21	1,243	1,734	451	1,477	6	4,911
Summary	3,048	3,343	733	2,752	9	9,885

Timeliness of LEP Reconsiderations Closed

² Excludes Reopening of LEP Appeals

³ Chart cannot show Withdraw volumes due to the limited volumes



Part D LEP Appeal Volume by Decision

Month Closed	Total Cases	Timely Cases	% Timely
Jan 21	506	503	99.41%
Feb 21	4,468	4,407	98.63%
Mar 21	4,911	4,724	96.19%
Summary	9,885	9,634	97.46%